Term		Fiction	Non-fiction		Poetry
Autumn 1	Core Text: Wonder by RJ Palacio Purpose: Writing to entertain Audience: Parents Form: Recount- diary entry		Core Text: Wonder by RJ Palacio Purpose: Writing to discuss Audience: Visitors- publish in the reading corner Form: Should people treat others differently, based on how they look?		
	Y3/4	Y5/6	Y3/4	Y5/6	
Sentence types:	> If, if, if, then > 2A, 2A > Ing_ ed	3 bad-(dash)Outside. (Inside).	➤ As -ly sentences➤ 2A, 2A	 Noun, who/which/where Name – adjective pair – sentences Some; others 	
Grammatical features:	 Prepositional phrases Expanded noun phrases Use of subordination with appropriate conjunctions Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions 		 Prepositional phrases Adverbials Commas for meaning Inverted commas for quotations 	 Relative clauses Punctuation for parenthesis Colons and semi-colons to join mark boundary between independent clauses Passive and active voice to affect the presentation of information. 	
Text type Toolkit	 Fronted adverbials to show how/when an event occurs. Expanded noun phrases to add detail. Character and setting description 	 character, setting and plot. Reported speech Paragraphing Relative clauses and subordination. Nouns and pronouns for clarity. 	 Headlines Paragraphing Sub-headings Subordinate clauses Technical vocabulary 5 Ws Introduction, body, summary/conclusion 	 Relative clauses Paragraphing independently Cohesive devices Use of technical vocabulary and bracketed information Use of 5Ws to frame each paragraph and build structure 	
Autumn 2	Core Text: Beowulf (Play and Short Story) Purpose: Writing to entertain Audience: Visitors- displayed in the reading corner. Form: Play script/narrative		Core Text: Kings and Queens: Alfred the Great to King Charles III and Everyone in Between Purpose: Writing to inform Audience: Prime Minister Form: Biography about Alfred the Great		
	Y3/4	Y5/6	Y3/4	Y5/6	

Sentence types:	> _ing, _ed > As - ly > - ly	 Noun, who/which/where 3_ed Name – adjective pair - 	 As - ly sentences With a (n) action, more action (non-fiction) 	 Noun, who/which/where De: de sentence Some; others 	
Grammatical features:	 Simple speech structures ▶ Prepositional phrases 	 Relative clauses Embedded speech structures Wide range of adverbials and prepositional phrases 	 Prepositional phrases Adverbials Commas for meaning 	 Relative clauses Punctuation for parenthesis Colons and semicolons to join mark boundary between independent clauses Passive and active voice to affect the presentation of information. Cohesive devices 	
Text Type Toolkit	 Inverted commas for speech Fronted adverbials to show how/when an event occurs. Expanded noun phrases to add detail. Character and setting description. 	 Detailed descriptions of character, setting and plot. Balance of speech and narration. Paragraphing Relative clauses and subordination. Nouns and pronouns for clarity 	 Paragraphing Sub-headings Subordinate clauses Technical vocabulary 5 Ws Introduction, body, summary/conclusion 	 Relative clauses Paragraphing independently Use of technical vocabulary and bracketed information Use of 5Ws to frame each paragraph and build structure 	
Spring 1	Core Text: Sherlock Holmes Purpose: Writing to Entertain Audience: Form: Detective/ mystery narrative		Core Text: Tuesday by David Wiesner Formal report/police report/video Purpose: Writing to inform Audience: Local PCSO Form: A formal report		
	Y3/4	Y5/6	Y3/4	Y5/6	
Sentence types:	 ▶ _ing, _ed ▶ As – ly ▶ - ly 	 Noun, who/which/where 3_ed Name – adjective pair 	 As - ly sentences With a (n) action, more action (non-fiction) 	 Noun, who/which/where De: de sentence Some; others 	

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Spring 2	Core Text: The Final Year by Joe Todd-S Purpose: Writing to Entertain Audience: Form:		Core Text: 50 Adventures in the 50 States/ National Monuments in the USA Purpose: Writing to inform Audience: Peers- to present in assembly Form: Non- chronological report- USA		
	Y3/4	Y5/6	Y3/4	Y5/6	
Sentence types:	> _ing, _ed > As - ly > - ly	 Noun, who/which/where 3_ed Name - adjective pair 	As - ly sentences With a (n) action, more action (non-fiction)	 Noun, who/which/where De: de sentence Some; others 	
Grammatical features:	 Simple speech structures Prepositional phrases 	 Relative clauses Embedded speech structures Wide range of adverbials and prepositional phrases 	 Prepositional phrases Adverbials Commas for meaning 	 Relative clauses Punctuation for parenthesis Colons and semicolons to join mark boundary 	

Text Type Toolkit	 Inverted commas for speech Fronted adverbials to show how/when an event occurs. Expanded noun phrases to add detail. Character and setting description. 	 Detailed descriptions of character, setting and plot. Balance of speech and narration. Paragraphing Relative clauses and subordination. Nouns and pronouns for clarity. 	 Paragraphing Sub-headings Subordinate clauses Technical vocabulary 5 Ws Introduction, body, summary/conclusion 	between independent clauses Passive and active voice to affect the presentation of information. Cohesive devices Relative clauses Paragraphing independently Use of technical vocabulary and bracketed information Use of 5Ws to frame each paragraph and build structure	
Summer 1:	Core Text: Shakespeare/ Macbeth Purpose: Writing to entertain Audience: Parents Form: Drama> Fictional Recount		Core Text: Little People, Big Dreams- Jesse Owens/ Michael Jordan Purpose: To inform Audience: School community Form: Biography about an Olympian		
	Y3/4	Y5/6	Y3/4	Y5/6	
Sentence types:	> _ing, _ed > As - ly > - ly	 Noun, who/which/where 3_ed Name - adjective pair 	 As - ly sentences With a (n) action, more action (non-fiction) 	 Noun, who/which/where De: de sentence Some; others 	
Grammatical features:	 Simple speech structures Prepositional phrases 	 Relative clauses Embedded speech structures Wide range of adverbials and prepositional phrases 	 Prepositional phrases Adverbials Commas for meaning 	 Relative clauses Punctuation for parenthesis Colons and semicolons to join mark boundary between independent clauses Passive and active voice to affect the presentation of 	

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Summer 2:	Core Text: The Last Bear by Hannah Gold Purpose: Writing to inform Audience: school community Form: Newspaper article about the impact of climate change on polar bears		Core Text: The Pebble in my pocket: a History of Our Earth Purpose: Writing to inform Audience: Visitors in Whitby Form: Explanation text on erosion and sea defences		
	Y3/4	Y5/6	Y3/4	Y5/6	
Sentence types:	 As - ly sentences With a (n) action, more action (non-fiction) 	 Noun, who/which/where De: de sentence Some; others 	 As - ly sentences With a (n) action, more action (non-fiction) 	 Noun, who/which/where De: de sentence Some; others 	
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Text Type Toolkit	ParagraphingSub-headingsSubordinate clauses	Relative clausesParagraphing independently	ParagraphingSub-headingsSubordinate clauses	Relative clausesParagraphing independently	